## Chapter 8 Security

# Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach

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## What is network security?

*confidentiality*: only sender, intended receiver should "understand" message contents

- sender encrypts message
- receiver decrypts message

*authentication:* sender, receiver want to confirm identity of each other

*message integrity:* sender, receiver want to ensure message not altered (in transit, or afterwards) without detection

*access and availability*: services must be accessible and available to users



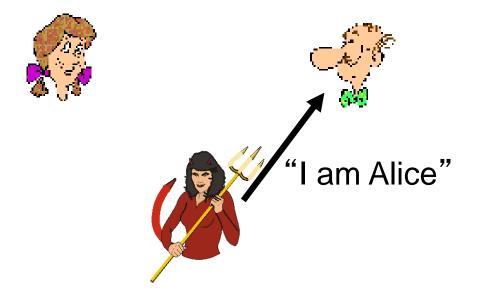
Goal: Bob wants Alice to "prove" her identity to him <u>Protocol ap I.O</u>: Alice says "I am Alice"



Failure scenario??

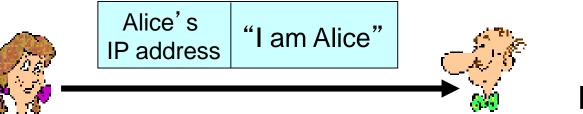


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in a network, Bob can not "see" Alice, so Trudy simply declares herself to be Alice

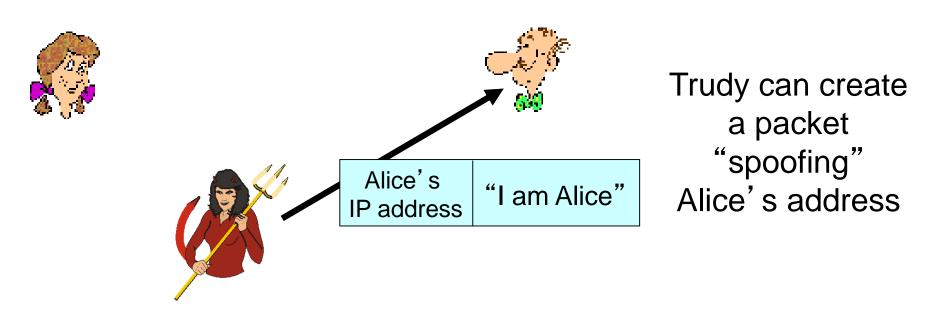
## Protocol ap2.0: Alice says "I am Alice" in an IP packet containing her source IP address



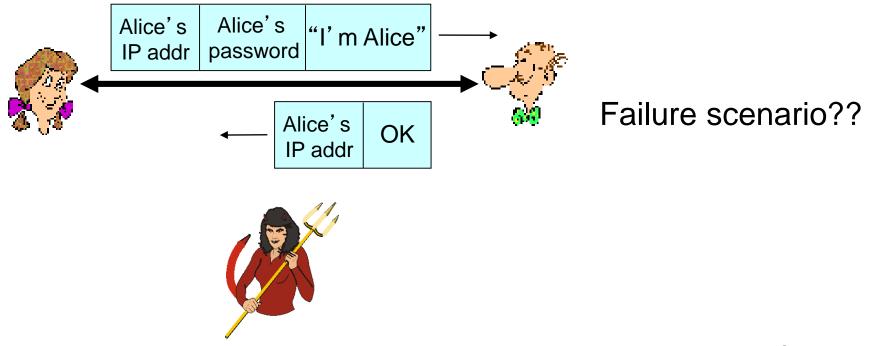
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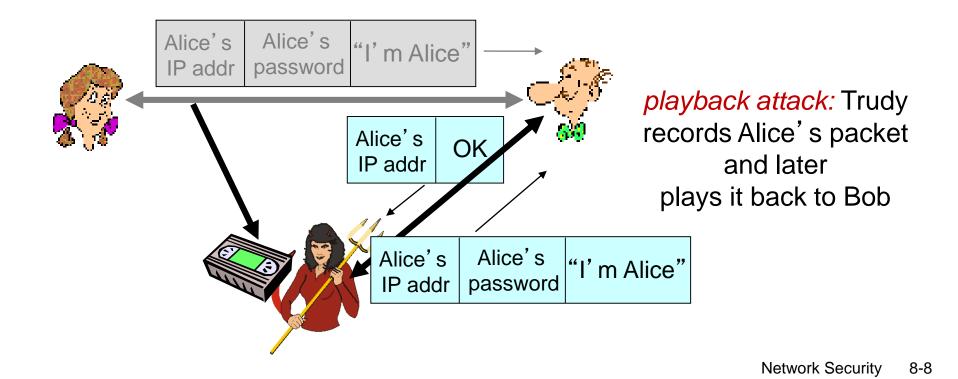
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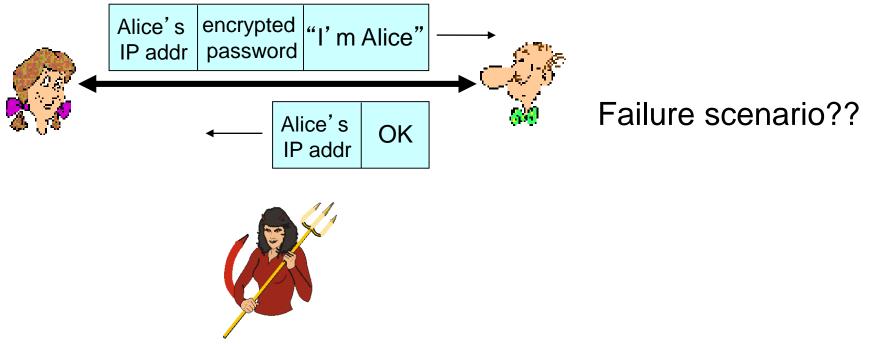
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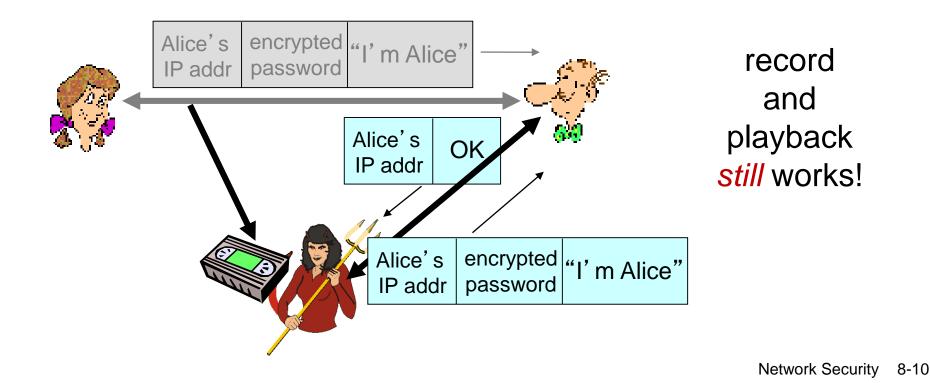
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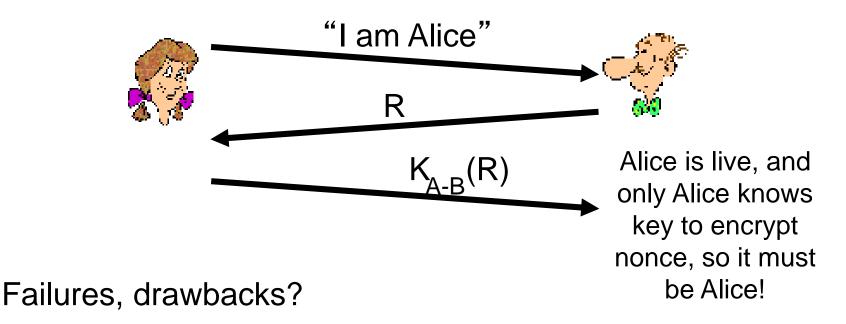
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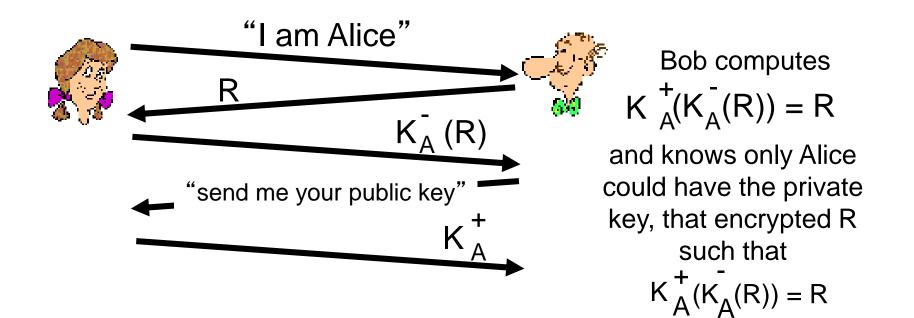


Goal: avoid playback attack nonce: number (R) used only once-in-a-lifetime ap4.0: to prove Alice "live", Bob sends Alice nonce, R. Alice must return R, encrypted with shared secret key



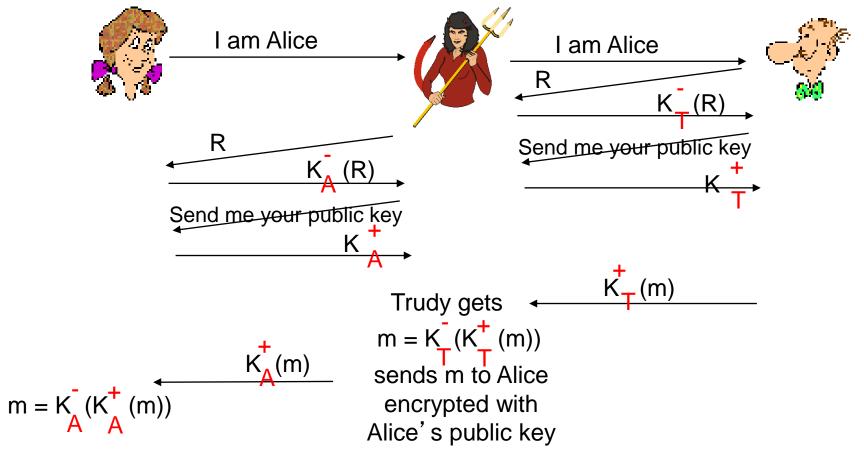
## Authentication: ap5.0

ap4.0 requires shared symmetric key
can we authenticate using public key techniques?
ap5.0: use nonce, public key cryptography



## ap5.0: security hole

*man (or woman) in the middle attack:* Trudy poses as Alice (to Bob) and as Bob (to Alice)



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difficult to detect:

- Bob receives everything that Alice sends, and vice versa. (e.g., so Bob, Alice can meet one week later and recall conversation!)
- problem is that Trudy receives all messages as well!